

## Brief note on Twenty point programme-2006

The twenty point programme was launched in the year 1975. Main objective of this programme is to eradicate poverty and bring improvement in the life status of common man This programme was revised in the year 1982, 1986 and 2006. Twenty point programme-2006 has come into effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2007. This programme renews the commitment of government to eradicating poverty, raising productivity, reducing income inequalities and removing social and economic disparities.

Twenty Point Programme -2006 consist following 20 points:-

1. Poverty Eradication
2. Power to People
3. Support to Farmers
4. Labour Welfare
5. Food Security
6. Housing for All
7. Clean Drinking Water
8. Health for All
9. Education for All
10. Welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Minorities and OBCs
11. Women Welfare
12. Child Welfare
13. Youth Development
14. Improvement of Slums
15. Environment Protection Afforestation
16. Social Security
17. Rural Roads
18. Energization of Rural Area
19. Development of Backward Areas
20. IT enabled e-Governance

Twenty Point Programme-2006 consists of 65 monitor-able items. Out of 65 items, 19 items are being monitored on quarterly basis by GoI. These are:-

1. Employment Generation under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGA)
2. National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM):
  - (i) New and revived SHGs brought under NRLM fold
  - (ii) SHGs provided Revolving Fund (RF)
  - (iii) SHGs provided Community Investment Fund (CIF)
3. Distribution of Wasteland to landless \*
4. Minimum Wages enforcement (including Farm Labour) \*
5. National Food Security Act - Food grain allocation and off take \*
6. Rural Housing- Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana-Grammin (PMAY-G)
7. EWS/LIG Housing in Urban Areas.
8. Rural Drinking Water Supply - National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP):
  - (i) Partially covered Habitations
  - (ii) Coverage of quality affected
9. Sanitation Programme in Rural Areas \*
10. Institutional Delivery
11. SC families Assisted :
  - (i) SC families assisted under SCA to SCSP and NSFDC
  - (ii) SC students assisted under post matric scholarship
12. Universalisation of ICDS scheme.
13. Functional Anganwadis.

14. Number of urban poor families assisted under seven point charter viz. land tenure, housing at affordable cost, water, sanitation, health, education and social security.
15. Afforestation:
  - (i) Areas covered under plantation on-public and forest lands
  - (ii) Number of seedling planted on public and forest lands
16. Rural Roads- Pradhan Mantri Grammin Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)
17. Village Electrified under Deendayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY)
18. Energising Pump sets.
19. Supply of Electricity\*

\* MoSPI directly collects information from the concerned Central Nodal Ministries.

### **Present Methodology of Progress Monitoring:**

Centre Government allocates the point/scheme wise targets to the state government annually/quarterly. The concerned State Level department, allocate district & quarter wise targets. Concerned Head of Department send district wise progress to Planning Department. The Planning Department compiles the state progress report and sends it to the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, GoI.

### **State Ranking at the National Level:**

The performance of states under different item is assured by MoSPI, GoI on the basis of actual achievements against targets. The State-wise performance for each item is classified on the basis of percentage achievement at the national level into there categories namely:-

Category	"Very Good"	Achievement 90% and above
Category	"Good"	Achievement 80% or above but less than 90%
Category	"Poor"	Achievement below 80%

### **District Ranking:**

District wise quarterly rank-sheet also prepared by the Planning Department on the basis of information received from the concerned departments and sent to district collectors.

### **Committees:**

For implementation, monitoring and coordination of Twenty Point Programme there is a provision to constitute state level committee under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Chief Minister.

First level and Second level District Committees have been constituted to monitor Twenty Point Programme under the Chairmanship of Minister In-charge and District Collector respectively.