



राजस्थान सरकार



सतत विकास लक्ष्य प्रगति रिपोर्ट – 3.0 2021

आर्थिक एवं सांख्यिकी निदेशालय
राजस्थान, जयपुर

Progress of Rajasthan SDG Status Report-2021

Goal No.	No. of Targets	Total No. of Indicators
1	7	37
2	8	33
3	13	58
4	10	37
5	9	36
6	8	16
7	5	12
8	12	39
9	8	21
10	10	7
11	10	21
12	11	12
13	5	4
14	10	2
15	12	14
16	12	24
17	19	3
Total	169	376

SDG 1

No Poverty

End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.1.1: Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)	1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total: 14.7 % Persons (2011-12) Rural: 16.1% Persons Urban: 10.7% Persons (Planning commission of the expert group to review the methodology for measurement of poverty Report, 2011-12)
-	1.1.2: Poverty Gap Ratio	Rural: 3.21, Urban: 1.56 (2011-12), (MDG Final Country Report of India)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total: 14.7 % Persons Rural: 16.1% Persons Urban: 10.7% Persons (2011-12)	Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana (DAY) - NRLM & NULM	%age of households covered under SHG	(Under NRLM) 19.02 % of Rural households covered under SHG (As computed HH 2011 Census Rural and Rjvika SHG group from Economic review 2019-20 (up to Dec. 2020))
		Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana (DAY) NRLM & NULM	% age of HH with access to bank credit	38.99% SHG Credit Linked (Under NRLM) (Rajeevika progress report on Nov.2019)
		MGNREGA	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA	89.84% (2019-20) (MGNREGA Portal)
		MGNREGA	%age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	% age Persondays of total persondays SC -21.66, ST-22.1 Women-67.32 (MGNREGA portal as on 8.5.2020)
		Targeted PDS	%age of AAY and Priority HH covered under TPDS	AAY - 3.13% PHH – 50.14% (Food & Civil Supply department portal As on 07.08.2020)
1.1.2 Poverty Gap Ratio	Rural: 3.21, Urban: 1.56 (2011-12), (MDG Final Country Report of India)	-		

Target 1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age		
1.2.2 Proportion of men,women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions		

Target 1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems by sex, distinguishing children unemployed persons, older Persons, Persons with disabilities, pregnant women, new borns, work injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable.	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance.	18.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	1.3.2 : Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS)	37.91 Lakh (2019-20) (Purak Poshahar Programme) (ICDS Report 28.07.2020)
	1.3.3: Persons Provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	84.24% (2019-20) (MGNREGA Portal)
	1.3.4: Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) formed and provided bank credit linkage	Number of SHGs credit linked - 43454 (2019-20) (NABARD - Status of Microfinance in India, 2019-20)
	1.3.5 Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)	83.45% (2019-20) (Ministry of Women and Child Development Annual Report 2019-20)
	1.3.6: Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Old Age Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government	1175 (2019-20) (SJE Deptt. Report 20.7.2020)
	1.3.7 Number of beneficiaries added under Employee's Pension Scheme (EPS) during the year	NA
	1.3.8 Coverage of New Pension scheme (NPS)	4.95 Lakh Total No of Subscribers of NPS (31.3.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.3.3: Persons Provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	84.24% (2019-20) (MNREGA Portal)	MGNREGA	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA	89.84% (2019-20) (MGNREGA Portal)
		MGNREGA	%age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	% age Persondays of total persondays SC -21.66, ST-22.1 Women-67.32 (MGNREGA portal as on 8.5.2020)
		Atal PensionYojana	%age of workers in the unorganized sector covered under the scheme	9.28 lakh person Enrolled (2019-20) (IF deptt. Report 4.9.2020)
		Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana	% age of population covered under the Yojana	23.51 lakh person Enrolled (2019-20) (IF deptt. Report 4.9.2020)
		NSAP	%age of old getting pension	IGNOAPS-770019 CMOPS-4042701 (SJE deptt. Report 20-7-2020)
			% age of widows getting pension	IGNWPS-346389 CMWPS-1315906 (SJE deptt. Report 20-7-2020)
			%age of disabled getting pension	IGNDPS-25992 CMDPS-428265 (SJE deptt. Report 20-7-2020)

Target 1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	1.4.1: Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (similar to 6.1.1)	Rural-25.03%, (Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation Ministry of Jal Shakti, Format C-30) Urban-78.85% (2019-20) (PHEDdepartment)
	1.4.2: Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets)	95.8 % of Urban Households by main source of drinking Water (Tap water/Well/Hand pump/Tube well/Borehole) 82.0 % of Urban Households have Latrine facility within the premises (Census-2011)
	1.4.3: Percentage of households electrified (similar to 7.1.1)	100% (2019-20) (Energy Dept. report)
	1.4.4: Proportion of homeless population to total population	0.26% (census 2011)
	1.4.5: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population, (similar to 8.10.2) (Proportion of population having Bank accounts)	1250 Accounts (2017-18) (RBI Report)

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
	1.4.6: Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population (In percentage)	83.63% (TRAI report, Press release and computed Mar. 2020)
	1.4.7 Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural) (similar to 6.2.1)	Rural- 100%; Urban - 98% (2019-20) (Rural-SBM Portal, Urban- LSG Dept. Report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
1.4.1: Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (similar to 6.1.1)	25.03 % (2019-20) (Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation Ministry of Jal Shakti, Format C-30)	PMAY (R)	% age of HH covered in rural areas	73.36 % (As on 16/12/2020) PMAY Garmin Portal
		SBM (R)	%age of households covered by IHHL (rural)	100% (2019-20) (sbm.gov.in 22.7.2020)
		National Rural Drinking Water Programme	Proportion of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	41.27% (2019-20) (PHED Deptt. report)
1.4.2: Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets)	95.8 % of Urban Households by main source of drinking Water (Tap water/Well/Hand pump/Tube well/ Borehole) 82.0 % of Urban Households have Latrine facility within the premises (Census-2011)	PMAY (U)	% age HH covered in urban areas	46.31% of houses occupied to houses involve (Portal PMAY (u) July, 2020)
		SBM (U)	%age of households covered by IHHL (urban)	98% (2019-20) (LSG deptt.report 23.7.2020)

Target 1.5: By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disaster per 100,000 population	1.5.1: Number of deaths attributed to extreme climate per 1,00,000 population (similar to Indicator 11.5.1 and 13.1.2)	0.16 (Disaster management & Relief department Annual progress Report 2019-20)
1.5.2 Direct economic loss attributed to disaster in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)	1.5.2: Proportion of States that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster reduction strategies	Yes, State has a state disaster management plan.
1.5.3 Number of countries that adopt and implement national with national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the sendial framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030		
1.5.4 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies		

Target 1.(a): Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.a.1 Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government directly to poverty reduction programmes.		
1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services. (education, health and social protection)	1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection).	41.32% (2020-21, BE) (Budget Study, 2020-21)
1.a.3 Sum of total grants and non-debt creating inflows directly allocated to poverty reduction programmes as a proportion of GDP.		

Target 1.(b) : Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
1.b.1 Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups.	1.b.1: Proportion of budget earmarked under gender budget.	About 30% of non-plan and 42% of plan budget is spent on gender component in Raj. as per 2016-17 budget review (WED deptt. data)

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	DES (14)	4	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.4.4, 1.a.2	
2	DMHS (32)	1	1.3.1	
3	ENERGY (37)	1	1.4.3	
4	ICDS (71)	2	1.3.2, 1.3.5	
5	IF (4)	1	1.4.5	
6	PHED (22)	2	1.4.1, 1.4.2	
7	RD (3)	2	1.3.3, 1.3.4	
8	SJE (27)	1	1.3.6	
9	WED (26)	1	1.b.1	
10	Disaster management and relief Rajasthan	2	1.5.1, 1.5.2	
12	State Insurance & Provident Fund Department	1	1.3.8	
13	ESIC	1		1.3.7
14	LSG	1	1.4.7	
15	TRAI (99)	1	1.4.6	
	Total	21	20	1

SDG 2

Zero Hunger

End Hunger, Achieve Food Security and Improved Nutrition and Promote Sustainable Agriculture

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.1.1: Prevalence of under-nourishment	2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight	36.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 31.5% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)
2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)	2.1.2 Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013, (in percentage)	100% (March, 2019) (Food Grain Bulletin, Department of Food & Public Distribution System, Gov. of India.)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
2.1.2 Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013, (in percentage)	100% (March, 2019) (Food Grain Bulletin, Department of Food & Public Distribution System, Gov. of India.)	Targeted PDS	%age of BPL HH covered under TPDS	100%

Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age.	2.2.1: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted.	39.1% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 36.8% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight).	2.2.2: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted.	23 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 14.3% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
-	2.2.3: Percentage of Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI<18.5 kg/m ²).	27% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
-	2.2.4: Percentage of Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anemic (<11.0g/dl).	46.6% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
-	2.2.5: Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anemic (<11.0g/dl)/	60.3% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status		
2.2.1: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted	39.1% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 36.8% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)	National Health Mission	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are stunted.	39.1% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 36.8% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)		
			Percentage of children under 5 years who are underweight	36.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 31.5% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)		
			Prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding for children < 6 months	58.2% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)		
		ICDS	Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
			Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
			Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
		Nat.Nutrition Mission	Percentage of children aged 0-3 years given supplementary nutrition	100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
		2.2.2: Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	23 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 14.3% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)	National Health Mission (R&U MoHFW)	Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	23 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 14.3% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey, 2016-18)
					Percentage of children under 5 years who are underweight	36.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16) 31.5% (0-4 year) (Comprehensive National Nutrition survey 2016-18)
					Prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding for children < 6 months	58.2% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
ICDS (WCD)	Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services;			100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
	Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition			100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
	Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition			100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		
National Nutrition Mission	Percentage of children aged 0-3 years given supplementary nutrition			100% (ICDS Deptt. Report)		

Target 2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.3.1 Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming /pastoral/ forestry enterprise size	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield Kg per hectare)	Bajara-892, Wheat-3991, Rice-2291, Gram- 1152, Rap & Mustered-1728 (2018-19)
2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status	2.3.2: Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker (in Rs.)	85862 (2018-19) 90714 (2019-20 AE) (DES report)
-	2.3.3: Ratio of institutional Credit to Agriculture to the Agriculture output.	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield Kg per hectare)	Bajara-892, Wheat-3991 , Rice-2291, Gram- 1152, Rap & Mustered-1728 (2018-19)	Soil Health Card Scheme	No. of soil health card tested	2.6 lakh soil sample tested (2019-20) (Agriculture Deptt. Report 10.7.2020)
		Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana	%age of gross cropped area with insurance coverage	36.73 % - In Rabi Season & 34.65% In Kharif Season (2019-20) (Agriculture Deptt. Report 10.7.2020)
			%age of farmers covered under PMFBY	51.93% In Rabi Season) & 59.97% In Kharif Season (2019-20) (Agriculture Deptt. Report 10.7.2020)
			%age of farmers availing crop loans	-
		Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses in 2017-18 over 2016-17 is Wheat – (-0.38) %, Rice- 3.22% Pluses- 4.20 %
		Nat. Food Security Mission	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses in 2017-18 over 2016-17 is Wheat – (-0.38) %, Rice- 3.22% Pluses- 4.20 %
2.3.2 Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker	858.62 (2018-19) 907.14 (2019-20 AE) (DES report)			

Target 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture	2.4.1: Proportion of net sown area to cultivable land.	70.67% (2015-16) (Agriculture statistics at a glance, 2019)
-	2.4.2: Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card	100 % (Cycle-I, 2015-17) 90.44% (Cycle-II, 2017-19) (Pocket book of Agriculture statistics)
-	2.4.3: Percentage of net area under organic farming	0.5% (2019-20) (Agriculture deptt. report 10-07-2020)

Target 2.5 : By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.5.1 Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium or long-term conservation facilities	2.5.1: Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene bank	MoS&PI
2.5.2 Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not-at-risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction	2.5.2: Conservation of germplasm (in number)	MoS&PI
-	2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource (in number)	MoS&PI

Target 2.a : Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures	2.a.1: Percentage share of expenditure in Intellectual Property Product (R&D) in agriculture to GVA in agriculture.	MoS&PI
2.a.2 Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector	2.a.2: Percentage of total government expenditure in agriculture to GVA in agriculture.	MoS&PI

Target 2.b : Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.b.1 Agricultural export subsidies	National indicator is under development	

Target 2.c: Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
2.c.1 Indicator of food price anomalies	2.c.1: Percentage of Agriculture Mandis enrolled in e-market	47.91% (2019-20) (Agriculture Marketing Report 17.8.2020)

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Agriculture & Marketing (85)	1	2.c.1	
2	Agriculture (18)	6	2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.4.3	2.3.3, 2.5.1, 2.5.2
3	Medical health and family welfare	6	2.1.1, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.2.3, 2.2.4, 2.2.5	
4	DES (14)	4	2.3.1, 2.3.2	2.a.1, 2.a.2
5	Fisheries department	1		2.5.3
6	Food (38)	1	2.1.2	
	Total	19	13	6

SDG 3

Good Health and Well-Being

Ensure Health Lives and Promote Well-Being For all at all Ages

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Latest Status
3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio (per 1 Lakh live births).	164 per lakh live births (Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2016-18)
3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	3.1.2 Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years).	86.6% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.1.3 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 years).	98.4% (As per SRS 2018)
	3.1.4 Percentage of women aged 15-49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received antenatal care, four times or more. (5 years/ 1 year) (in percentage).	38.5% (5 years) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.1.1: Maternal mortality ratio	164 per lakh live births (Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2016-18)	NHM	%age of pregnant women with full antenatal care.	9.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			%age of pregnant women who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more.	17.3% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			%age of women receiving postnatal care from a skilled health professional within 2 days of birth.	63.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
		ICDS	%age of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services.	100% (ICDS report)
			%age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition.	100% (ICDS report)
			%age of pregnant women vaccinated.	81.79% (Family planning Deptt. Annual Progress Report 2018-19)
		Matritva Sahyog Yojana/ Maternity Benefit Programme (WCD)	%age of pregnant women getting cash incentives under PMMVY (Rs. 5000)	100% (ICDS 2018-19) (Delivery in Govt. hospital)
3.1.3: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel. (Period 1 year)	98.4% (SRS 2018)	NHM	%age of delivery attended by skilled health professional.	98.4% (SRS 2018)

Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate	3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births).	40 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2018)
3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate	3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births).	26 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2018)
	3.2.3 Percentage of Children aged 12-23 months fully immunized.	84.96% (2018-19) (Family Welfare department Annual progress report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	40 (SRS Report, 2018)	NHM	Under five mortality rate.	40 (SRS Report, 2018)
		NHM	%age of children in grade 3 malnutrition.	0.10% (Dec. 2018, ICDS deptt. report)
3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	26 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2018)	ICDS	Neo Natal mortality rate.	26 Per 1000 (SRS Report 2018)
3.2.3 : Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized	84.96% (2018-19) (Family Welfare department Annual progress report)	NHM	%age of children fully immunized.	84.96% (2018-19) (Family Welfare department Annual progress report)
		Routine Immunization Programme	%age of children partially immunized.	Not available (As per deptt. report)

Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and Key populations	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population.	0.04 (2019) (India HIV Estimates 2019, Report)
3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population.	223 Total TB notification rate (TB India report 2020)
3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population.	0.04 (2019) (DMHS deptt. Annual progress report)
3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population	3.3.4: Prevalence of Viral Hepatitis B per 100,000 population.	1.02 (Hepatitis A&E) (2018) (DMHS deptt. report)
3.3.5 Number of people requiring intervention against Neglected tropical Diseases (Dengue, Chikungunya, Kala-azar, Leprosy, Lymphatic Filariasis, Soil Transmitted Helminths, V Lishmaniasis)	3.3.5 Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio (In Ratio).	0.12% (2019) (DMHS deptt. Annual progress report)
	3.3.6 Number of Chikunguniya cases.	365 Cases (2019) (DMHS deptt. Annual progress report)
	3.3.7 Number of new cases of Kalaazar/ V Lishmaniasis.	0 cases (Eliminate in Rajasthan) (2019) (NVBDCP Portal)
	3.3.8 Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF).	0 cases (Eliminate in Rajasthan) 2019 (NVBDCP Portal)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	3.3.9 The proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy (in rate per million).	1.6% (2019-20) (DMHS deptt. report)
	3.3.10 HIV Prevalence Rate (In Percentage).	0.11% (15-49 year) (India HIV Estimates, 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.3.1: No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population	0.04 (2019) (India HIV Estimates 2019, Report)	National Aids Control Programme (NACO)	No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population	0.04 (2019) (India HIV Estimates 2019, Report)
3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 1,00,000 population	223 Total TB notification rate (2019) (TB India report 2020)	Revised National Tuberculosis Programme (RNTCP)	No. of incidence and No. of notified cases	223 Total TB notification rate (2019) (TB India report 2020)
3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1000 population	0.04 (2019) (DMHS deptt. Annual progress report)	National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme	Malaria incidence per 1000 population	0.04 (2019) (DMHS deptt. Annual progress report)

Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	3.4.1 Number of deaths due to cancer.	Under compilation
3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate. (Per 1,00,000 Population).	5.8 (2019) (NCRB report on Accidental deaths & Suicides in India, 2019)
	3.4.3 Percentage distribution of leading cause groups of deaths.	89.6% (MCCD-2018)

Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders	3.5.1: Percentage of population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol about once a week out of total population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol.	Women - 22.1% (Based on 25-49 unweighted cases) Men - 30.1 % (% of population who drink alcohol About once a week out of total Population who drink alcohol) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in liters of pure alcohol	3.5.2 Number of persons treated in de-addiction centers.	8000 (2019-20) (SJE Deptt.Report 20.7.2020)
	3.5.3 Percentage of population (men 15-54 years and women 15-49) who consume alcohol.	Women-0.1% (15-49) Men-15.9% (15-49) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries	3.6.1: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 11.2.2).	Death rate- 13.61 Injury rate-29.61 (2019) (Accidental deaths & Suicides in India)

Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	3.7.1 Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods (similar to 3.8.1 & 5.6.1).	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1000 women in that age group	3.7.2 Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant.	6.3% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.7.3 Proportion of institutional Birth (5 Year/ 1 year).	84% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.7.4 Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods.	74.3 (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, new-born and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population.	3.8.1 Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods (similar to 3.7.1 & 5.6.1).	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.8.2 Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditures or income.	3.8.2 Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period.	76.89 (2018) (TB India report 2019)
	3.8.3 Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV.	95% ART Initiation for every 100 HIV- Positive detection (NACO Sanaklak 2019 report)
	3.8.4 : Prevalence of hypertension among men and women age 15-49 years.	Women= 8.5, Men=13.4 (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.8.5: Percentage of population in age group 15-49 who reported sought treatment out of total population in that age group having diabetes.	N/A

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	3.8.6: Percentage of women aged 15-49 who have ever undergone Cervix examinations.	18.9% (15-19) (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	3.8.7: Percentage of women aged 15-49 years and men aged 15-49 years with use of any kind of tobacco, in percentage. (similar to 3.a.1)	Woman - 9.0 Man - 39.6 Total 24.7% (2017) (GATS-II Round)
	3.8.8 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population. (similar to 3.c.1)	46.32 (2016) National Health Profile

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
3.8.8 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population. (similar to 3.c.1).	49.93 (Doctor-40559+Ayush-18563+ANM-108688+RN & RM-200171+LHV-56367) National health profile-2018)	RSBY	%age of districts covered under BSBY	100% (33 Districts)
			% BPL families covered under BSBY	100%
		National AYUSH Mission	Total no.of registered practitioners	18816 (2018) (National health Profile, 2019)
		NHM (R&U)	% of Out of Pocket Expenditure under insurance schemes	May be available
		PM Jan Aushadhi Yojana	% age increase in the no. of Jan Aushadhi stores	Total Jan Aushdhi store 137 (As on portal http://janaushadhi.gov.in/StoreDetails.aspx 7.10.2020)

Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning. (per 1,00,000 population)	2.85 (2019) (Accidental deaths & Suicides in India, 2019)
3.9.2 Mortality due to unsafe water, sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)	3.9.2 Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma in the age group 15-49 years. (in Percentage)	Women-0.9%, Men-0.7% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
3.9.3 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning		

Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.a.1 Age standardized prevalence of current tobacco uses among persons aged 15 years and older.	3.a.1: Percentage of women aged 15-49 years and men aged 15-49 years who use any kind of tobacco. (similar to 3.8.7)	Woman - 9.0, Man - 39.6 Total 24.7% (2017) (GATS-II Round)

Target 3.b : Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.b.1 Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme.	3.b.1: Budgetary allocation for Department of Health Research. (In Rs. Crore).	MoS&PI
3.b.2 Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors.		
3.b.3 Proportion of health facilities that have a core set of relevant essential medicines available and affordable on a sustainable basis.		

Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution	3.c.1 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10000 population. (In Percentage) (Similar to 3.8.8)	46.32 (2016) National Health Profile
	3.c.2: Percentage of government spending (including current and capital expenditure) in health sector to GDP.	1.26 (2018-19) 1.33 (2019-20) (RE) (Budget study 2019-20 & Economic Review 2018-19)

Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
3.d.1 International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness	National Indicator is under development	

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the Department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Medical health and family welfare (32)	36	3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.1.4, 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.3.3, 3.3.4, 3.3.5, 3.3.6, 3.3.7, 3.3.8, 3.3.9, 3.3.10, 3.4.3, 3.5.1, 3.5.3, 3.7.1, 3.7.2, 3.7.3, 3.7.4, 3.8.1, 3.8.2, 3.8.3, 3.8.4, 3.8.6, 3.8.7, 3.8.8, 3.9.2, 3a.1, 3.c.1	3.4.1, 3.8.5
2	Social Justice and Empowerment	1	3.5.2	
3	Police (8)	3	3.4.2, 3.6.1, 3.9.1	
4	DES (14)	1	3.c.2	
5	Finance	1		3.b.1
	Total	42	39	3

SDG 4

Quality Education

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote Lifelong learning opportunities for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	4.1.1: Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education. (In Percentage)	Primary - 98.25% Upper Primary - 75.98% (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report)
	4.1.2: Adjusted net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education.	PS-90.15%, UPS-71.87% Secoudary-55-04% (2018-19) (UDISE+ portal)
	4.1.3: Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education. (in ratio per hundred)	Higher Secondary-53.02% (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report)
	4.1.4: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gr3 - 95.53%, Gr5: - 93.70%, Gr8:- 88.03%, Gr10-57.88% (NAS Report 2017)
	4.1.5: Gross intake ratio to the last grade. (primary, upper primary and secondary) (in ratio per hundred)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> UPS- 93.40% Secondary-98.28% (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report,
	4.1.6: Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/secondary levels.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elementary - 75.27% Secondary – 40.79% (Education Dept. Report, 2018-19)
	4.1.7: Out of school ratio. (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elementry-4.58 % Secondary & Sr. Sec-2.18% (2018-19) (Education Dep. Report)
	4.1.8: Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks.	6-14 years children (RTE Dep. Report, 2009)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.1.1: Net enrolment ratio in primary and upper primary education (in percentage)	Primary - 98.25% Upper Primary - 75.98% (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report,	National Education Mission (SSA, MDM, Rastriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)	NER in Primary. (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)	Total-98.25% (2018-19) (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report,
			NER in upper primary. (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)	Total-75.98% (2018-19) (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report)
			Proficiency in Maths & language at class 5 and 8. (National Achievement Survey NCERT)	Class 5:- 65% Maths & 69% language at and Class 8:- 57% Maths & 67% language at and (NAS 2017)
			%age of children (SC/ST/Minorities) covered by scholarships pre matric.	SC:113785, ST: 144248, OBC: 89738 (2018-19) (Education Dep. Report)
			Density of primary schools per ten square km.	3.05 Primary (UDISE 2018-19)
			Density of upper primary schools per ten square km.	1.95 Upper Primary (UDISE 2018-19)
			Student Teacher Ratio.	Primary-28 Upper Primary-19 (2018-19) (Education Dep.Report,
4.1.7: Out of school ratio. (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary)	Elementary- 4.58 % Secondary & Sr. Sec- 2.18% (2018-19) (Education Dep. Report)	National Education Mission (SSA, MDM, Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)	%age of children in the primary and upper primary covered under MDM.	100% (Class 1-8) In government school.
			Drop out ratio at primary level. (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	5.42 (overall) (2018-19) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report)
			Drop out ratio at Upper-primary level. (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	2.54 (overall) (2018-19) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report)
			Drop out ratio at Elementary level. (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)	4.58 (overall) (2018-19) (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities wise data not available) (Education Dep. Report)
			Average Annual Dropout rate.	Elementary- 4.58 Sec.& Sr. sec - 2.18 (2018-19) (Education Dep. Report)

Target 4.2: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex	4.2.1: Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry. (In Rate Per 100)	59.3% (2018-19) As per UDISE+ Portal
4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	4.2.2: Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio.	N/A

Target 4.3: By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university.

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex	4.3.1: Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months.	N/A
	4.3.2: Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education (in Ratio).	Higher Education enrolled-1.00 (AISHE 2018-19)
	4.3.3: Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education (in Ration per 100).	(Higher Education enrolled) All categories - 23.0, SC - 20.0, ST - 21.3 (AISHE 2018-19)

Target 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.4.1 proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill	4.4.1: Proportion of youth and adults with information and communication technology (ICT) skills.	MoS&PI

Target 4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated	4.5.1: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities. (in Percentage)	Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities with reference to enrolment of all children (Govt. Management includes Department of Education Sanskrit Education KGBY, Shiksha Karmi Management & Madars Only) is 1:100 (1.08%) (Education Dep. Report, 2017-18)
	4.5.2: Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/Higher secondary/Tertiary education.	Primary-1.00, Secondary-0.89, Higher Secondary-0.83 Higher Education-1.00 (2018-19) (UDISE+ Portal, AISHE, 2018-19)

Priority indicator	status	Intervention/ scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.5.1: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities	1:100 (1.08%) (Education Dep. Report, 2017-18)	National education mission (SSA, MDM, Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan)	%age of schools which are disabled friendly.	100% - Sr./Sr. Sec. School 96.45% - Elementary school made barrier free (with Ramps, Hand Rails etc.) (Education Dept. Report 2018)
		Beti Bachao Beti Padhao	No. of Sukanya Samridhhi accounts.	May be available
		Hostels for/sc/st/obc girls & boys	No. of Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya for SC.	318 Kasturaba Gandhi Balike Vidyalaya (2018-19) (Education Dep. Report)

Priority indicator	status	Intervention/ scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			Babu Jagjivan Ram chhatrawas yojana.	Hostels -423, Students-19787 (SJE deptt. Report 20.7.2020)
		Pre/post matric scholarship for SC/ST/OBC/minorities	%age of SC/ST/OBC/ minorities students covered by scholarships Pre and Post Matric.	No. of Pre matric scholarship SC:113785, ST: 144248, OBC: 89738 (2018-19) (Education Deptt. Report) No. of Post matric scholarship SC-339157, ST-227726 OBC-54890 (2018-19) (SJE Deptt. Report10.10.2019)
			No. Of residential and ashram schools for SC.	3 (2016-17) (Raj. council of elementry edu. Dep. Annual Report)
			Eklavya model residential schools for ST.	21 School, Student-5094 (2019-20) (TAD Deptt. Annual Progress Report)

Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

Global indicator	National indicators	Status
4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex	4.6.1: Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years (In Rate per 100).	81.73% (Census 2011)

Target 4.7: By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; € basic drinking water; (f) single sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) Electricity; (b) Computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) Adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) Basic drinking water; (e) Single sex basic sanitation facilities; and (f) Basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions) (In Percentage).	(a) Electricity PS.-31.51, UPS-85.00, Sec.-95.39, Sr. Sec-96.47 (d) Drink Water Ps-91.69, UPS-99.50, Sec - 97.44, Sr.Sec. - 98.22 (f) Hand Washing Facility- PS-86.31, UPS-92.77, Sec.-94.61, Sr. Sec-94.92 (2018-19) (Education Deptt. Report)

Target 4.b: By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.b.1 Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing states.

Global Indicator	National indicators	Status
4.c.1 Proportion of teachers in: (a) Pre-primary; (b) Primary; (c) Lower secondary; and (d) Upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (pre-primary, primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education). (In Percentage)	PS- 94% UPS, Elementary, Secondary and Higher Secondary Education-100% (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
4.c.2: Pupil/trained teacher ratio by education level	Elementary-24.70 Secondary-20 (Education Dep. Report, 2017-18)	SSA	Student Teacher Ratio	PS-28, UPS -19 (2018-19) (Education Dept. Report)
			%age of Professionally Trained Teachers	100% (2018-19) (In Government school)
		Teachers Education Scheme	%age of teachers trained under this scheme	100% (2018-19) (In Government school)

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	DES (14)	1	4.6.1	
2	Education (66)	15	4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.1.3, 4.1.4, 4.1.5, 4.1.6, 4.1.7, 4.1.8, 4.2.1, 4.5.1, 4.5.2, 4.a.1, 4.c.1	4.2.2, 4.3.1
3	Higher Education (67)	2	4.3.2, 4.3.3	
4	MoS&PI	1		4.4.1
	Total	19	16	3

SDG 5

Gender Equality

Achieve Gender Equality and Empower All Women and Girls

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex	5.1.1 Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population.	110.4 (Crime in India, 2019)
	5.1.2 Per lakh women that have been subjected to dowry offences during the year.	50.19% (Crime in India, 2019)
	5.1.3 Sex Ratio at Birth.	871 (3 Year average 2016-18) (SRS Statistical Report, 2018) 936 (one Year) as per phachan data-des
	5.1.4 Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex. (In Percentage)	The state of Rajasthan is implementing various legislations to promote, enforce and monitor equality and Nondiscrimination on the basis of sex, Pre-conception & Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Miscuse) Act, 1994 and its amendment of 2002; Right of children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009; Protection of children from sexual offences Act, 2012; Dowry prohibition Act, 1961 (amended in 1986); Immoral Traffic Prevention Act, 1986; Equal Remuneration Act, 1976; Protection of women from domestic violence Act, 2005; Sexual harassment of Women at the Workplace (prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, Rajasthan Prevention of Witch Hunting Act 2015, the prevention of child marriage act 2005. (As per WED Deptt. Report April, 2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.1.1: Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population.	110.4 (Crime in India, 2019)	Mission for protection and Empowerment of Women (BBBP, One Stop Centre, Women Helpline, Hostels, SWADHAR Greh)	Child Sex Ratio. (0-6 years)	888 (Census 2011)
			No. of Swadhar homes.	3 (WED department report)
			No. of gender based violence cases reported (Cases under-Dowry Prohibition Act Domestic Abuse Act Immoral Traffic Prevention Act, Indian Penal Code).	41,550 cases (Crime against women) (Crime in India, 2019)
			No. of One Stop Crisis Centre.	33 (2019-20) (WED Report, 10.7.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			No. of States with Women Helpline.	District have women helpline
			Gender Wage Gap.	No Gender Wage Gap in Rajasthan (In Government sector) (Labour deptt. Report)

Target 5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.2.1. Proportion of ever partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	5.2.1 Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported during the calendar year. (In Percentage)	13.65% (Crime in India, 2019)
5.2.2 proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence	5.2.2 Per lakh women who have experienced sexual crime during the year.	44.15% (Crime in India, 2019)
	5.2.3 Per lakh women who have experienced cruelty/physical violence by husband or his relative during the calendar year.	50.25% (Crime in India, 2019)
	5.2.4 Proportion of sexual crime against girls children to total crime against children during the calendar year. (In Percentage)	38.86% NCRB CII report 2019
	5.2.5 Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year. (In Percentage)	2.6 % (Crime in India, 2019)
	5.2.6 Percentage of ever married women age 15-49 years who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband.	Physical sexual violence: 24.8% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	5.2.7 Child Sex Ratio (0-6 Years) (In Number)	888 (As per Census 2011)

Target 5.3: Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18	5.3.1 Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (Early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children. (In Percentage)	0.26% (Crime in India, 2019)
5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women age 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/ cutting, by age.	5.3.2 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married by age 18.	35.4% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work by sex, age and location	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work.	MoS&PI

Target 5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliament and (b) local governments	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, state legislation and local self-government. (In Percentage)	Lok sabha -12% (2018) Rajasthan Assembly-12% (2019)
5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions including women in Board of Director, in listed companies, (per 1,000 persons).	MoS&PI
	5.5.3 Number of women candidates out of total candidates contesting elections.	Loksabha-9.24 (2019) Vidhansabha-8.24 (2018)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, State legislation and Local Self Government	Lok sabha -12% (2018) Rajasthan Assembly-12% (2019)		Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government.	Lok sabha -12% (2018) Rajasthan Assembly-12% (2019)
			%age of women participation in decision making.	81.70% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
			Female Labour force participation in workforce.	35.10% (WPR) (Census 2011)
			%age of Non agricultural proprietary establishments owned by women.	May be available
			%age of women directors in boards of corporate companies.	May be available
			%age of women in civil services.	May be available
			Stand Up India (DFS)	No. of Women beneficiaries under Stand-up India.

Target 5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.6.1 proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	5.6.1 Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning. (Similar to 3.7.1 & 3.8.1)	53.5% (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
5.6.2 number of countries with laws and regulation that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education.	5.6.2 Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years.	12.3 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)
	5.6.3 Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS.	Women: 20.9 Men: 36.2 (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
5.6.1: Percentage of Currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning.	53.5 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)	NHM	%age of women using modern method of planning.	53.5 % (NFHS-4, 2015-16)

Target 5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.a.1 (a) Proportion to total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure.	5.a.1 Operational land holdings - (female operated operational holdings).	9.9% (Ag. Census, 2015-16)
5.a.2 proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and /or control.	-	-
	5.a.3 Wages of casual labourers (gender wise) other than public works, (per day in Rs.).	Female- 212.20; Male-302.38 Total-297.69 (Apr-June, 2019) As per PLFS report Minimum wages for Unskilled-225; Semiskilled-237 Skilled -249; Highly skilled-299 (Minimum wages are not paid on gender discrimination) (Labour department report 6.07.2020)
	5.a.4 Average agricultural wages earnings from casual labour work other than public works, (Per day in Rs.)	Average agricultural wages (gender wise) in Rs. is male= 353, female=304 Year 2019-20 (As on portal: rajas.raj.nic.in)
	5.a.5 Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs (In Percentage)	96.24% (2019-20) (Status of Microfinance of India, NABARD)

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
	5.a.6 Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution.	99.99% (Under PMJDY) (2019-20) (IF department report 4.9.2020)
	5.a.7 Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution.	41.86% (Total Female Account under PMJDY - 1.59 (as on 25.03.2020). Projected Population - 3.80 Crore March, 2020)
	5.a.8 Number of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults (Male & Female-wise).	Loan accounts Total – 1,19,10,441 Male – 92,83,618 Female – 26,26,823 (2019-20) (IF department report 4.9.2020)

Target 5.b: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex.	5.b.1 Percentage of women employed in IT and ITeS industry.	MoS&PI

Target 5.c: Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment.	5.c.1 Number of central ministries and state having gender budget cells (GBCs).	State of Rajasthan has established a Gender Budget cell in the Directorate of Women Empowerment Deptt. With the budget announcement of 2009-10. Gender desks have also been established in various departments since 2013.

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	DES (14)	4	5.1.3, 5.2.7, 5.3.2, 5.a.4	
2	Medical & health department	3	5.6.1, 5.6.2, 5.6.3	
3	Agriculture department	1	5.a.1	
4	Police (8)	9	5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.2.4, 5.2.5, 5.2.6, 5.3.1	
5	Labour (6)	1	5.a.3	
6	Election department	2	5.5.1, 5.5.3	
7	WED (26)	2	5.1.4, 5.c.1	
8	MoS&PI (40)	3		5.4.1, 5.5.2, 5.b.1
9	IF	3	5.a.6, 5.a.7, 5.a.8	
10	RD	1	5.a.5	
	Total	29	26	3

SDG 6

Clean Water and Sanitation

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	6.1.1 Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (similar to 1.4.1).	Rural-25.03%, (Department of Drinking Water & Sanitation `Ministry of Jal Shakti, Format C-30) Urban-78.85% (2019-20) (PHED department 20.07.2020)
	6.1.2 Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural).	40.05% (2019-20) (PHED department 20.07.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
6.1.1: Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS).	Rural-25.3%, Urban-78.85% (PHED department 20.07.2020)	Namami Gange Project	Capacity of sewage treatment projects created.	Not applicable
			No. of industrial effluent monitoring stations.	Not applicable
		Urban Drinking Water Programme	Prop. of urban habitations fully covered with drinking water supply.	87.23% (2019-20) (PHED Department Report 20.7.2020)
		National Rural Drinking Water Prog	Proportion of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply.	41.27% (2019-20) (PHED Department Report 20.7.2020)

Target 6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural) (In Percentage). (similar to 1.4.7)	Urban-98% (2019-20) (LSG department report) Rural-100% (2019-20) (Swachh Bharat Mission-Gramin)
	6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target.	100% (MDWS annual report 2018-19)
	6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls. (In Percentage)	99.69% (2019-20) (Education Deptt. Report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	Urban-98% (2019-20) (LSG department report) Rural-100% (2019-20)	SBM, PMAY (R&U)	%age of households covered by IHHL (Rural)	100% (2019-20) (As on portal sbm.gov.in June 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
	(Swachh Bharat Mission-Gramin)		%age of households covered by IHHL (Urban)	98% Toilet constructed (LSG Deptt. report 2019-20)
			%of workforce in manual scavenging	2590 scavengers (2018) (SJE Deptt. Report 10.10.2019)

Target 6.3: By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.3.1 Proportion of wastewater safely treated.	6.3.1: Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies.	MoS&PI
6.3.2 Proportion of bodies of water with good ambient water quality.	6.3.2: Percentage of industries (17 category of highly polluting industries/grossly polluting industry/red category of industries) complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms.	MoS&PI
	6.3.3: Proportion of waste water treatment capacity created vis-à-vis total generation.	56.60% as per LSG Dept, report

Target 6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.4.1 Change in water-use efficiency over time	6.4.1: Percentage Ground Water withdrawal against availability.	139.88% (Dynamic ground water resources of India Report, 2017)
6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources.	6.4.2: Per capita storage of water (in m ³ /person).	$29.87 \times 10^9 / (684.48 \times 10^5) = 435.75 \text{ m}^3/\text{person}$ (Water Resource deptt. report 05.11.2018)
	6.4.3: Per capita availability of water (in m ³ /person).	$29.87 \times 10^9 / (684.48 \times 10^5) = 435.75 \text{ m}^3/\text{person}$ (Water Resource deptt. report 05.11.2018)

Target 6.5: By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through trans boundary cooperation as appropriate.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.5.1 Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)	6.5.1: Percentage area of river basins brought under integrated water resources management.	MoS&PI
6.5.2 Proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation		

Target 6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.6.1 Change in the extent of water related ecosystems over time	6.6.1: Percentage of blocks/mandals /taluka over-exploited.	62.71% - Blocks (Dynamic ground water resources of India Report, 2017)
	6.6.2: Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers.	MoS&PI
	6.6.3: Biological assessment information of surface water bodies.	MoS&PI

Target 6.a: By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.a.1: Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan	National Indicator is under development	

Target 6.b: Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
6.b.1 Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for local communities in water and sanitation management	6.b.2 Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee [VWSC]	As per Panchayati Raj Institutions Act - 100% Gram Panchayat have constituted standing committee. (PR department report)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1: By 2019-2020	Milestone 2: By 2022-2023	Target: By 2030
1.	Proportion of Households having access to toilet facility (Urban & rural)	76.62 Lakh	80.07 Lakh	80.07 Lakh	80.07 Lakh
2.	Proportion of districts achieving open Defecation Free (ODF) target	22	33	33	33
3.	Percentage of School with separate toilet for girls	9891 (100% Coverage)	100%		
4.	50 percent reservation of women Elected Representatives in PRIs	70531 (56.49%)	50% of Total ERs	50% of Total ERs	50% of Total ERs
5.	Percentage of developed irrigation command and brought under Water Users Association (WUAs)	58.77%	80%	90%	100%
6.	Percentage of Irrigation Potential utilize (IPU) to Irrigation Potential creation (IPC) of major & Medium projects	64.87%	80%	90%	100%

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Education (66)	1	6.2.3	
2	GWD (70)	2	6.4.1,6.6.1	
3	LSG (36)	3	6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.3.3	
4	PHED (22)	2	6.1.1, 6.1.2	
5	WR (19)	2	6.4.2, 6.4.3	
6	PR	1	6.b.2	
7	MoS&PI (40)	5		6.3.1, 6.3.2, 6.5.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.3
	Total	16	11	5

SDG 7

Affordable and Clean Energy

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity	7.1.1 Percentage of Households electrified. (similar to 1.4.3)	100% (2019-20) (Energy dep. Report)
7.1.2 Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	7.1.2 Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel.	96.5 % (2018-19) (Indian Petroleum & Natural Gas Statistics, 2018-19)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
7.1.1: Percentage of Households electrified.	100% (2019-20) (Energy dep. Report)	DDUGJY	No. of villages electrified.	0 (2019-20) (Energy dep. Report)
			No. of BPL households electrified.	133629 (2019-20) (Energy deptt. 04.09.2019)
		UJALA	Total LED distributed.	2.5 Lacs (Upto Aug. 2019-20) Total 163.7 Lakh (Upto Aug. 2019 (Energy deptt.))
		Saubhayga Scheme	% of HH electrified.	100% (2019-20) (Energy deptt. Report)
7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	96.5 % (2018-19) (Indian Petroleum & Natural Gas Statistics, 2018-19)	Integ. Power Dev. Scheme	No. of towns covered under IPDP	185 town (2019-20) (Energy deptt. Report)
		Prime Minister Ujjwala Yojana	%age of BPL households (women) given LPG connections.	3069891 (2018-19) 5695525 (As on 01.04.2019) (Indian Petroleum & Natural Gas Statistics, 2018-19)
		PAHAL	No. Of beneficiaries given LPG subsidy under PAHAL.	-

Target 7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption.	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total installed electricity generation.	29.38% (2019-20) MW Mix capacity installed out of shared of renewable energy (Energy dept. report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total installed electricity generation.	29.38% (2019-20) MW Mix capacity installed out of shared of renewable energy (Energy dept. report)	National Solar Mission	Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix.	11.68% (Solar Energy Share) (2019-20) (Energy dept. report)
		Green Energy Corridors	Circuit Kms of transmission line constructed.	287.55 C km. (Upto Aug. 2020) 1125.962 C. km (Energy dept. report)

Target 7.3: By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP	7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP. (in mega joules per rupee)	MoS&PI

Target 7.a: By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.a.1 Official development assistance on clean energy.	National Indicator under development.	

Target 7.b: By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
7.b.1 Investments in energy efficiency as a percentage of GDP and the amount of foreign direct investment in financial transfer for infrastructure and technology to sustainable development services.	7.b.1 Installed renewable energy generating capacity in developing countries, in watts per capita. (Similar to 12.a.1)	86.86 Watts per capita (2018-19) (Economic Review)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1: By 2019-2020	Milestone 2: By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Percentage of household electrified	80.00%	100%		
2.	Average Supply hours-Rural	22-23 Hours	23-24 Hours	24 Hours	
3.	Average Supply hours-Urban	24 Hours			
4.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Solar Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	47.2%	100%		

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1: By 2019-2020	Milestone 2: By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
5.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Wind Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	95.51%	100%		
6.	Percentage of RPO obligation from Biomass Energy met against the target specified by the RERC	36.36%	100%		
7.	Enhancement of capacity of Renewable Energy based Power Plants	Latest Capacities are Solar –2063 MW, Wind – 4292 MW and Biomass –120.5 MW Total –6475.5 MW		Up to 2022 Total Capacity will be as Solar-5762 MW Wind-8600 MW Total-14362 MW	

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Energy (37)	4	7.1.1, 7.2.1, 7.b.1	7.3.1
2	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd. (74)	1	7.1.2	
	Total	5	4	1

SDG - 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 8.1: Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at list 7 percent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita	8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita. (In Percentage)	3.55% (2019-20, AE) (Constant Price 2011-12) (Finance Unit)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.1.1: Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita	3.55% (2019-20, AE) (Constant Price 2011-12)		GDP at factor cost (constant price 2011-12)	5.05% Growth Rate (Constant Price 2011-12) (2019-20, Advance Estimates)

Target 8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person.	May be available
	8.2.2 Total number of patents issued. (Granted) (Similar to 8.3.6 and 9.5.3)	186 (2017-18) (S&T Deptt. 10.7.2020)
	8.2.3 Annual growth in manufacturing sector. (In Percentage)	2.10% (2019-20) (AE) (Constant Prices 2011-12)
	8.2.4 Annual growth in Agricultural Sector. (In Percentage)	5.65% (2019-20 AE) (Constant Prices (2011-12)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.2.3: Annual growth in manufacturing/ agriculture sector.	Manuf.- 2.10% Agri. – 5.65% (2019-20 AE) (Constant Prices (2011-12)	Make In India	Annual growth in manufacturing sector.	May be available
		Start Up India	No. of startup registered and No. of Startup funded.	1155+ (DIPP Recognized startups 16.10.2020) startupindia.gov.in
		Start Up India	No. of beneficiaries under Stand up India.	May be available

Target 8.3: Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	8.3.1 Percentage of workers in informal sector among total workers engaged in non-agriculture sector.	74% (2018-19) (Annual Report PLFS, 2018-19)
	8.3.4 No. of MSME Units registered under the online Udyog Aadhar registration.	146472 (2019-20) (Industries deptt. Report 13.7.2020)
	8.3.5 Number of Start-ups recognized under Start-up India.	1155+ (DIPP Recognized startups 16.10.2020) startupindia.gov.in
	8.3.6 Total number of patents issued. (Granted) (Similar to 8.2.2 and 9.5.3)	186 (2017-18) (S&T Deptt. 10.7.2020)
	8.3.9 Outstanding Credit to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. (In Rs. Crore)	80420.87 Crore (2019-20) (IF department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.3.7: Growth of Registered Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises.	40.05% (2019-20) (Industries deptt. Report 22.6.2020)	Ease of Doing Business	FDI in India.	Not Applicable
		MSME	%age employment in MSME; No. of Labour Identification nos. allotted.	May be Available

Target 8.4: Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.4.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita and material footprint per GDP.		
8.4.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP.	8.4.2 Per capita Fossil fuel consumption. (In Kg.)	166.2 kg per capita Consumption (2018-19 (P)) (Indian Petroleum & Natural Gas Statistics)
	8.4.3 Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste generated.	May be available

Target 8.5: By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation age and person with disabilities.	8.5.1 Unemployment rate. (In rate per 100)	5.7% (2018-19) (Annual Report, Periodic Labour force survey, 2018-19)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	8.5.2 Workforce participation Ratio (WPR). (In rate per 100)	35.8% (Annual Report, Periodic Labour force survey, 2018-19)
	8.5.3 Wages earned by male-female in regular / casual employment. (Per Month in Rs)	Regular wage/ salaried employees Male-16,798.32 Female-12,937.12 Person-16,057.05 (Rs. Per Month) (Apr.-June 2019) (Annual Report, PLFS, 2018-19)
	8.5.4 Number of employed persons with disabilities in public services.	May be available
	8.5.5: Total population with disabilities covered under social protection Schemes.	IGNDPS-25992 CMDPS-428265 (SJE deptt. Report 20-7-2020)
	8.5.6 Share of unemployed person in population aged 15-24. (In rate per 100)	6.2 (as per SDG NIF Report 2020, 2.1)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.5.1 : Unemployment rate.	5.7% (2018-19) (Annual Report, Periodic Labour force survey, 2018-19)	Prime Minister Rozgar Protsahan Yojana	No. of employers (including MSME) given incentive for promoting employment under this scheme.	May be available
		Prime Minister Employment Guarantee Program (MEGP)	No. of MSME unit set up.	3024 (2019-20) As per industry department report
			No. of Employment generated.	24192 (2019-20) As per industry department report
		National Career Service (NCS)	No. of student registered and no. of student given placement in National career Service (NCS) in Raj.	68593 -Job seeker registered (2019-20)
		National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme	No. of apprentices trained.	3851 (As on 30.08.2019)
		Skill India - Prime Minister Kaushal Vikas Yojana, STAR, UDAAN	No. of people skilled under the programme.	21342 (2019-20)
			No. of people given employment under the programme (PMKVY).	28 (2019-20)
8.5.2: Workforce participation Ratio (WPR).	35.8% (Annual Report, Periodic Labour force survey, 2018-19)	Seekho & Kamao	No. of beneficiaries skilled under the programme.	Nil (Deptt. letter 7-5-2018)
			No. of people given employment under the programme.	Nil (Deptt. letter 7-5-2018)
		National SC/ST Hub	No. of SC/ST beneficiaries under the scheme.	May be Available

Target 8.6: By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training.	8.6.1 Unemployment Rate (15-24 years). (In rate per 100)	21 (as per SDG NIF Report 2020, 2.1)

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
	8.6.2 Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET).	MoS&PI

Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age.	8.7.1: Human trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population.	1.82 (Crimes in India 2019)
	8.7.2 Number of missing children. (Similar to 16.2.3)	Total=3655 (Crimes in India 2019)

Target 8.8: Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status.		
8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual source and national legislation, by sex and migrant status.).	8.8.2: Percentage of migrant workers.	55.8 (2011-Census) (As per SDG NIF Report 2.1)
	8.8.3 Number of accidents in factories.	Fatel-32, Non-Fatel-187 (2019) (Factories and Boilers Deptt. report 1-7-2020)
	8.8.4 Percentage of households receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA).	53.16 (2019-20) MGNREGA Portal

Target 8.9: By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in Growth rate.	8.9.1 Percentage change in number of tourist (domestic and foreign), over previous year.	3.53% (2019 over 2018) (Tourism deptt. 11.8. 2020)
8.9.2 Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs.	8.9.2 Direct contribution of Tourism to total GDP and in growth rate (In Percentage).	Total GSDP-11.49% (2018-19) Growth rate-16.40 (2018-19) (Trade, Hotels & Restaurants GSVa at constant price 2011-12, I RE) (Economic review 2019-20)

Target 8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.10.1(a) Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults and (b) Number of automated teller machines (ATM's) per 100,000 adults.	8.10.1 Indicator on Financial Inclusion.	May be available
8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile -money-service provider.	8.10.2: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population (similar to 1.4.5).	1250.07 (2017-18) RBI, Statistical data
	8.10.3 Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population.	38 (BC+Branch) (31-03-2020) (IF department report, 4.9.2020)
	8.10.4 Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population.	13 ATMs per Lakh (31-03-2020) (IF department report, 4.9.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
8.10.2: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population (similar to 1.4.5).	1250.07 (2017-18) RBI, Statistical data	Prime Minister Jan Dhan Yojana	No. of accounts opened under PMJDY.	287.91 Lakh (2.12.2020) (PMJDY Portal)
		Prime Minister Mudra Yojana	No. of entrepreneurs (SC/ST/OBC/ Women) sanctioned credit.	Total - 2727579 (2018-19) (PMMY Portal)
8.10.3: No. of Banking Outlets per 1,00,000 population.	38 (BC+Branch) (31-03-2020) (IF department report, 4.9.2020)		No. of ATMs per 1,00,000 population.	13 ATMs per Lakh (31-03-2020) (IF department report, 4.9.2020)
			%age of population having access to mobile phone banking.	May be available

Target 8.a: Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
8.a.1 Aid for trade commitments and disburse ments.	National Indicator yet not	

Target 8.b: By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization.

8.b.1 Existence of a development and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy.	8.b.1 Number of man days created under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA).	3288.90 lakh persons days generated (2019-20) MGNREGA Portal
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Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 By 2022-2023	Target By 2030
1.	Number of construction workers have been benefited under various BOCW schemes thus providing social protection system to man, women and children of all ages, who face poverty.	Appx. 35000	70,000	90,000	1,30,000
2.	Number of workers benefited under Nirman Shramik, Sikshaavam kaushal vikas Yojna.	15,000	30,000	40,000	60,000
3.	Assistance to construct to Pakka House to SECC Beneficiary	16.99 Lacs	6.75 Lacs	16.99 Lacs	
4.	Persons days Generations	2388 Lacs	2500 Lacs	3000 Lacs	3500 Lacs
5.	Number of Job card Holders Households under MGNREGA	60.24 Lacs	70.00 Lacs	75.00 Lacs	80.00 Lacs
6.	Number of Tourist visited	475.27 Lacs	500 Lacs	800 Lacs	1500 Lacs
7.	Number of Fairs and Festivals/Events Organised	40	50	55	60
8.	Number of developments of tourist sites	24	30	35	50

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	RD (3)	2	8.8.4, 8.b.1	
2	IF (4)	5	8.3.9, 8.10.2, 8.10.3, 8.10.4	8.10.1
3	Police (8)	2	8.7.1, 8.7.2	
4	DES (14)	4	8.1.1, 8.2.3, 8.2.4	8.2.1
5	Tourism (20)	2	8.9.1, 8.9.2	
6	LSG (36)	1		8.4.3
7	Industries (41)	2	8.3.4, 8.3.5	
9	S&T (45)	2	8.2.2, 8.3.6	
10	SJE	1	8.5.5	
11	Factory and Boilers (84)	1	8.8.3	
12	DOP (100)	1		8.5.4
13	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.	1	8.4.2	
14	MoS&PI (40)	8	8.3.1, 8.5.1, 8.5.2, 8.5.3, 8.5.6, 8.6.1, 8.8.2	8.6.2
	Total	32	27	5

SDG-9

Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, Draft National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2km of an all-season road.	9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2km of an all-season road.	97.92% (2019-20) (PWD deptt. report 30.7.2020)
9.1.2 Passenger and flight volumes, by mode of transport.	9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport.	No of Air passengers-7202282 No of Aircraft movement- 60800 (2019-20) (As on portal: aai.aero)
	9.1.3 Gross capital formation by industry of use. (In Rs. Crore)	256731.02 crore (2018-19) (DES finance unit report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention /Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road.	97.92% (2019-20) (PWD deptt. report 30.7.2020)	Prime Minister Gram Sadak Yojna (PMGSY)	Km. Constructed.	49725 km (2019-20) (PWD deptt. Report, 30.7.2020)
			No. of villages connected by all weather roads.	10772 (2019-20) (PWD deptt. Report, 30.7.2020)
		NHDP / Bharat mala	Km. of highways constructed.	5 work awarded - 1039km Length was awarded to NHAI in FY 2017-18, out of which 804 km. length has been constructed upto July 2020 (PWD deptt. Report, 30.7.2020)
			Total investment in the project.	Total Expenditure 2394.52 crore (Upto 25-7-2020) (PWD deptt. report)
		Sagarmala	Increase in port capacity and vessel turnaround time.	Not Applicable
			No. of ports. (constructed/modernized)	Not Applicable
		DFC (Dedicated Freight Corridors) Railways	Total length of DFC constructed.	May be Available
		DFC (Dedicated Flight Corridors) Railways	Total investment.	May be Available

Target 9.2: Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita	9.2.1: Percentage share of GVA in Manufacturing to Total GVA.	Constant price 12.18% (2019-20) (Finance unit data)
9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment. (In Percentage)	7.5 (2018-19) (Annual Report, PLFS)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.2.2: Employment in Manufacturing Sector as a proportion of total employment.	7.5 (2018-19) (Annual Report, PLFS)	Make In India	Annual growth in manufacturing sector.	May be available
		Startup India	No. of startups benefitted by this intervention.	1155+ (DIPP Recognized startups) startupindia.gov.in
		Ease of Doing Business (EoDB)	FDI in India.	Not Applicable

Target 9.3: Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.3.1 Population of small scale industries in total industry value-added.	9.3.1 Share of household sector in total industry value added. (In Percentage)	MoS&PI
9.3.2 Percentage/ proportion of credit flow to MSEs (as a Percentage of total adjusted net bank credit).	9.3.2 Percentage/ Proportion of credit flow to MSMEs (as a Percentage of total adjusted net bank credit).	22.33% (2019-20) (IF department report, 4.9.2020)

Target 9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.4.1 CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added.	9.4.1 CO2 equivalent emission of power sector per unit of value added. (In Tonne/Rupee crore)	MoS&PI
	9.4.2 Energy use intensity of manufacturing value-added. (Tonne of Oil Equivalent/000' rupees)	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.4.1: CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added.	MoS&PI	FAME - Hybrid & Electric Vehicle	Incentives given under the scheme.	Not applicable
		ZED (Zero Effect Zero Defect Scheme)	No. of MSMEs accessed and rated under the scheme.	May be available

Target 9.5: Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.5.1 research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP.	9.5.1 Percentage share of Government spending on IPP (Research and Development) to total GDP.	0.26% (2019-20) (S&T dep. report 10.7.2020)
9.5.2 Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million inhabitants.	9.5.2 Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million Population.	MoS&PI
	9.5.3 Total number of patents issued. (granted) (Similar to 8.2.2 and 8.3.6)	186 (S&T dep. report 10.7.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.5.1 : Percentage share of expenditure in R&D to Total GDP.	0.26% (S&T dep. report 10.7.2020)	Atal Innovation Mission	No. of tinkering labs.	264 https://www.aim.gov.in/
			No. of incubation centers.	4 (2019-20) (IT Deptt. report 17.9.2020)
9.5.3: No. of Patents, IPR's issued.	186 (S&T dep. report 10.7.2020)	Start-Ups Intellectual Property Protection (SIPP)	No. of patents filed/IPR's issued.	May be available

Target 9.a: Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.a.1 Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure.	National indicator not developed	

Target 9.b: Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.b.1 Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added.	9.b.1 Share of IPP in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation, (in Percentage).	MoS&PI
	9.b.3 Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA. (In Percentage).	MoS&PI

Target 9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology	9.c.1: Number of Internet Subscription as percentage of total population.	54.24 (Per 100 Population) (TRAI Report March, 2020)
	9.c.2 No. of Broadband Subscribers per 10,000 persons.	5112.34 (TRAI Report March, 2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention / Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
9.c.1: Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology.	54.24 (Per Hundered Population) (TRAI Report March, 2020)	Digital India Bharatnet	No. of gram panchayat covered under Bharat net.	8787 (2019-20) (IT Deptt. Report 17-9-2020)
			No. of Mobile connection per 100 population in rural and urban area.	Total-83.63 Rural-61.55 Urban-145.84 (teledensity) (TRAI Report March, 2020)
			No. of internet connection in rural and urban areas.	Total-42.50 Rural-20.02 Urban-22.48 In Million Internet subscribers (TRAI Report March, 2020)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023 **	Target : By 2030 ***
Roads					
1	National Highways	8,202	1,0173	13,332	18,332
2	Total Road length	226,854	242,646	250,584	329,502
3	Total Road Density per 100 sq.Km.	66.29	71	73.22	96
4	Total Road Density per Lakh Population @ 2011 census	331.17	354	365.82	481
5	Villages Connectivity - Total Hab. Villages- 43,264 - 2011 census	36,799	38,242	39,686	41,681
6	Villages Connectivity - Total Hab.Villages- 43,264 - 2011 census	85.06	88.39	91.73	96.34
7	State Highways-2 lane-	7259/47.02	7719/50	10035/65	13894/90
8	Major Disrict Roads- IML	2721/32.16	3385/40	4231/50	6770/80
9	District HQ Connectivity with Jaipur Capital -4 lane- Total 33 By NHAI	19	25	33	33

E. Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	DES (14)	5	9.1.3, 9.2.1	9.3.1, 9.b.1, 9.b.3
2	IF	1	9.3.2	
3	Transport (24) /Railway/ AAI	1	9.1.2	
4	PWD (25)	1	9.1.1	
5	Energy	1		9.4.2
6	S&T (45)	2	9.5.1, 9.5.3	
7	TRAI (99)	2	9.c.1, 9.c.2	
8	MoS&PI	3	9.2.2	9.4.1, 9.5.2
	Total	16	10	6

SDG 10

Reduced Inequalities

Reduce inequality within and among countries

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40% of the population & the total population.	10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 percent of the population and the total population. (In percentage)	Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure of bottom 40% population MMRP Rural -17.92%, MMRP Urban -19.45% Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure % population MMRP Rural - 16.38%, MMRP Urban - 21.19% (As per 66 & 68th Round NSSO Report 2009-10 & 2011-12)
	10.1.2 Gini Coefficient of household expenditure. (In Ratio)	MMRP 0.248 (Rural) MMRP 0.320 (Urban) (As per 68th Round NSSO Report 2011-12)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 percent of the population and the total population.	Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure of bottom 40% population MMRP Rural -17.92%, MMRP Urban -19.45% Per year Growth rates of per capita expenditure % population MMRP Rural - 16.38%, MMRP Urban - 21.19% (As per 66 & 68th Round NSSO Report 2009-10 & 2011-12)		Household Income, Household Expenditure (NSSO).	HH income is not available HH Per capita Exp. MMRP Rural - 1597.5 MMRP Urban -2442.4 (As per 68th Round NSSO Report 2011-12)

Target 10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50% of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 percent of median household expenditure. (In Ratio)	MMRP 0.05 in Rural and 0.1 Urban (As per NSSO Report 68 Round)
	10.2.2 Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government. (In percentage) (Similar to 16.7.2)	Vidhansabha-12% (2018) Loksahba- 12% (2019)
	10.2.3 Proportion of SC/ST persons in Elected bodies. (in percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to 16.7.2)	Vidhansabha- SC-17%, ST-12.5% (2018) Loksahba- ST-12%, SC-16% (2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
10.2.3 Proportion of SC/ST persons in Elected bodies. (in percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to 16.7.2)	Vidhansabha- SC-17%, ST-12.5% (2018) Loksahba- ST-12%, SC-16% (2019)		Representation of SC/ST/OBC/ Women in PRI/ULB/State Legislative Assemblies/Parliament of India.	Women Vidhansabha-12% (2018) Loksahba- 12% (2019) SC & ST Vidhansabha- SC-17%, ST-12.5% (2018) Loksahba- ST-12%, SC-16% (2019)

Target 10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a grouped of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.4.1 Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers.	10.4.1 Labour Share of GDP.	May be Available
	10.4.2 Percentage of budget allocated to north Eastern states.	Not Applicable
	10.4.3 Percentage of budget allocated for welfare of SCs and STs.	May be Available

Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.5.1 Financial soundness indicators.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.6.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.7.1 Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.7.2 Number of countries that have implemented well-managed migration policies.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.a.1 Proportion of tariff lines apply to imports from least developed countries and developing countries with zero tariff.	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.b.1 Total resource flows for development, by recipient donor countries and type of flow (e.g. Official development assistant, foreign direct investment and other flows).	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted.	10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted. (In percentage) (Cost of Sending/ Receiving US\$ 200 in public sector banks)	Not applicable

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1: By 2019-2020	Milestone 2: By 2022-2023	Target: By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Election department (13)	2	10.2.2, 10.2.3	
2	DES (14)	3	10.1.1, 10.1.2, 10.2.1	
3	Labour	1		10.4.1
4	Finance department	1		10.4.3
5	Not Applicable	2		10.4.2, 10.c.1
	Total	9	5	4

SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.1.1 proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing.	11.1.1: Proportion of Urban population living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing.	Slum- 16.21% of urban population (Census- 2011)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.1.1: Proportion of Urban population living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing.	Slum- 16.21% of urban population (Census- 2011)	PMAY (U)	% age HH covered in urban areas.	46.31% 1,00,227-Houses Completed 2,16,412- House sanctioned http://mohua.gov.in/cms/progress-pmay.php
		PMAY (U)	%age of slum areas covered.	May be available

Target 11.2: By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, person with disabilities and older persons.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	11.2.1: Proportion of Households in urban areas having convenient access to public transport.	May be available
	11.2.2 People killed/injured in road accidents. (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 3.6.1) New	Death rate- 13.61 Injury rate-29.61 (2019) (Accidental deaths & Suicides in India, 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.2.1: Proportion of Households in urban areas having convenient access to public transport.	May be available	AMRUT - Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation	No. of cities covered/ investment.	29 cities covered Budget provision- 3223.94 Crore Rs. Expenditure- 1567.20 Crore Rs.
			No. of low cost houses for EWS.	–
			Fuel efficient public transport system (investment and number).	May be available
		SMART City Mission	Total investment in the mission.	7,025 crores (Planned) (LSG Annual Progress report, 2019-20)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
			Total expenditure in the mission.	639.72 crore (LSG Annual Progress report, 2019-20)
		Metro Rail Projects (MHUA)	No. of cities with metro rail projects.	1 city (Jaipur)
			No. of cities in which metro rail project construction is ongoing.	1 city (Jaipur)

Target 11.3: By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries.

Global indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.3.1: ratio of land consumption rate of population growth rate.	11.3.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans. (similar to 11.a.1).	95.34% (184/193) cities (Town Planning Department Annual progress report 2019-20)
11.3.2: proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically.		

Target 11.4: Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.4.1 Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage (cultural, natural, mixed and World Heritage Centre designation), level of government (national, regional, and local/municipal), type of expenditure (operating expenditure/investment) and type of private funding (donations in kind, private non-profit sector and sponsorship).	11.4.1: Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings.	Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 19 works costing to 6.97 crore (2019-20)

Target 11.5: By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population.	11.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population. (Similar to 1.5.1 and 13.1.2)	0.16 (2019) (Disaster Management, Relief & Civil defence Department, Annual Progress report, 2019-20)

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.5.2 Direct economic loss in relation to global GDP, damage to critical infrastructure and number of disruptions to basic services, attributed to disasters.		

Target 11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.6.1: Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities.	11.6.1: Proportion of households from where solid waste is regularly collected, by agency of collection, by frequency of collection.	100% (2019-20) Door to door collection in urban area (LSG Dept. Report dated 23.7.2020)
11.6.2 : Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted).	11.6.2: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted).	Police comm Jaipur:- PM10-125.66, PM2.5-61.85 Psy. Center Jaipur:- PM10-98.61, PM2.5-36.82 Science Park Jaipur:- PM10-109.82, PM2.5-50.25 Alwar:-PM10-93.21, PM2.5-45.28 Bhiwadi:-PM10-221.40 PM2.5-103.94 Ajmer:-PM10-97.30, PM2.5-48.08 Udaipur:-PM10-108.04, PM2.5-46.38 Kota:-PM10-106.62, PM2.5-53.26 Pali:- PM10-118.99, PM2.5-56.07 Jodhpur:- PM10-171.27, PM2.5-80.39 (2019-20) (PCB Deptt. Report, 29.7.2020)
	11.6.3: Number of days the levels of fine particulate matter (PM 2.5 and PM 10) above mean level.	365 days (PCB department report, 2017)
	11.6.4: Percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection.	100% (2019-20) (LSG Deptt. Report, 23.7.2020)
	11.6.5: Percentage of waste processed.	77% (2019-20) (LSG Deptt. Report, 23.7.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
11.6.2: Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted).	Police comm Jaipur:-PM10-125.66, PM2.5-61.85 Psy. Center Jaipur:-PM10-98.61, PM2.5-36.82 Science Park Jaipur:- PM10-109.82, PM2.5-50.25 Alwar:-PM10-93.21, PM2.5-45.28 Bhiwadi:-PM10-221.40 PM2.5-103.94 Ajmer:-PM10-97.30, PM2.5-48.08 Udaipur:-PM10-108.04, PM2.5-46.38 Kota:-PM10-106.62, PM2.5-53.26 Pali:-PM10-118.99, PM2.5-56.07 Jodhpur:-PM10-171.27,	AMRUT	No. Of cities with waste management and sewage treatment plants.	23 Out of 29 AMRUT cities with the provision of 52 Sewage treatment Plants (STPS). Total 68 STP operational in 38 citie in state. (RUDSICO department Report)
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection.	Urban - 100% (LSG Department report 23.7.2020)

Target 11.7: By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities.	11.7.1: Proportion of households reporting an open space within 500 meters from premises (urban).	MoS&PI
11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months.		

Target 11.a: Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.a.1: Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city.	11.a.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans. (similar to 11.3.1).	95.34% (184/193) cities (Town Planning Department Annual progress report 2019-20)

Target 11.b: By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.b.1 Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the sendai framework for disaster risk reduction 2015-30.	11.b.1: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2031.	Yes, State adopted disaster risk reduction strategies.
11.B.2 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies.	11.b.2: Proportion of state and local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies. (Similar to 1.5.2)	Yes, State have a disaster risk reduction strategy.

Target 11.c: Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials.

Global Indicator	National Indicators	Status
11.c.1: Proportion of financial support to the construction and retrofitting of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings utilizing local materials.	National indicator not developed	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Urban Population	99%	100%		

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Tourism (20)	1	11.4.1	
2	LSG (36)	3	11.6.1, 11.6.4, 11.6.5	
3	Disaster management and relief	3	11.5.1, 11.b.1, 11.b.2	
5	UDH (21)	1	11.1.1	
6	Police	1	11.2.2	
7	PCB (44)	2	11.6.2, 11.6.3	
	Town Planning	2	11.3.1, 11.a.1	
	MoS&PI (40)	2		11.2.1, 11.7.1
	Total	15	13	2

SDG 12 Sustainable Consumption and Production

Ensure Sustainable Consumption and production patterns

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 12.1: Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.1.1 Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies.	12.1.1 Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies.	MoS&PI

Target 12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.2.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP.	12.2.1 Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources.	MoS&PI
12.2.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP.		

Target 12.3: By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.3.1 Global food loss index.	12.3.1 Per capita food availability. (Kg per year)	297 kg per capita (2017-18)
	12.3.2 Post Harvest storage and Distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice.	(MoS&PI)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
12.3.2: Post harvest storage and distribution losses of Central/states Pool stocks of wheat and rice.	MoS&PI	National Mission on Food Processing (SAMPADA)	No. of new food processing units under Mega Food park.	1 Operational in Ajmer (2019-20) (Mofpi. Annual portal 2019-20)
			No. of integrated cold chain.	11 (9 complete and 2 ongoing (Mofpi Annual report 2019-20)
		Agriculture Market Infrastructure	Tonnage capacity of godowns.	14.84 Lakh MT. (2018-19) (RSWC Annual progress report, 2019-20)
		National Agri. Mkt. (NAM - Dept of Agri)	No. of wholesale markets with E-platform.	69 (Agriculture Marketing deptt. Report)

Target 12.4 : By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.4.1 Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement.	12.4.1 Developing national secondary resource policy framework.	MoS&PI
12.4.2 Hazardous waste generated per capita and proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment.	12.4.2 Development of national policy for environmentally sound management of hazardous chemical and waste.	MoS&PI
	12.4.3 Implementation of National Action Plan for fulfilling obligations of various Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEA) ratified.	MoS&PI

Target 12.5 : By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.5.1 National recycling rate, tons of material recycled.	12.5.1 Number of waste recycling plants installed.	49 (2019-20) (LSG Report 23.7.2020)
	12.5.2 Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques.	82 (2019-20) (LSG Report 23.7.2020)
	12.5.3 Number of municipal corporations banning single use of plastic.	All ULB (2019-20) (LSG Report 23.7.2020)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
12.5.2: Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques.	All ULB (LSG Report 23.7.2020)	AMRUT	No. of cities with waste management and sewage treatment plants.	23 Out of 29 AMRUT cities with the provision of 52 Sewage treatment Plants (STPS). Total 68 STP operational in 38 cities in state. (RUDSICO department Report)
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection.	100% in Urban area (LSG department report, 20.7.2020)
		National River Conservation Prog	Creation of sewage treatment capacity.	966.93 MLD (As Rudsico Report)

Target 12.6 : Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports.	12.6.1 Proportion of companies publishing sustainability reports.	MoS&PI

Target 12.7 : Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.7.1 Number of countries implementing sustainable public procurement policies and action plans.	12.7.1 Green public Procurement policy developed & adopted by the central ministries/ states /UTs (numbers).	MoS&PI

Target 12.8 : By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.8.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment.	National Indicator under development	

Target 12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.a.1 Amount of support to developing countries on research and development for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies.	12.a.1 Installed renewable energy generating capacity in developing countries, in watts per capita. (Similar to 7.b.1).	86.86 Watts per capita (2018-19) (Economic Review)

Target 12.b : Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and implemented action plans with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools.	12.b.1: Implementation of standard accounting tools to monitor the economic and environmental aspects of tourism sustainability.	Data may be available

Target 12.c : Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
12.c.1 Amount of fossil-fuel subsidies per unit of GDP (production and consumption) and as a proportion of total national expenditure on fossil fuels.	12.c.1: Amount of fossil fuel subsidy per unit of GDP.	May be Available

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	MoS&PI (40)	9		12.1.1, 12.2.1, 12.3.2, 12.4.1, 12.4.2, 12.4.3, 12.6.1, 12.7.1, 12.c.1
2	LSG (36)	3	12.5.1, 12.5.2, 12.5.3	
3	Tourism (20)	1		12.b.1
4	Energy	1	12.a.1	
	DES	1	12.3.1	
	Total	15	5	10

SDG 13

Climate Action

Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impact

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters in all countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population.	13.1.1 Number of states with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events.	Yes, State have strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather
13.1.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030.	13.1.2 Number of deaths attributed to extreme climate per 1,00,000 population. (similar to Indicator 1.5.1 and 11.5.1)	0.16 (Disaster management & Relief department Annual progress Report 2019-20)
13.1.3 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies.		

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
13.1.1 : Number of states with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events.	MoS&PI	Nat. Action Plan on Climate Change	Effective Carbon trading	MoS&PI
			No. of States who have aligned their Disaster Management Plan with Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (2015-2030); Disaster Management Plan	Yes

Target 13.2 : Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.2.1 Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other).	13.2.1 Pre-2020 action Achievements of pre-2020 goals as per country priority. (Percentage reduction in emission intensity of GDP, over 2005 level).	MoS&PI
	13.2.2 Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post-2020 period.	MoS&PI

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
13.2.2: Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals (reduce the emission intensity per unit of GDP by 33% to 35% by 2030 relative to its 2005 levels; Creating an additional carbon sink of 2.5-3 billion tonnes through additional tree cover; 40% of electric power installed capacity from non fossil fuel by 2030.).	MoS&PI	-	CO2 emission from energy (CO2/capita)	CO2 emission from Power Plant 23911886.61 (In Tonnes) 2017-18
	-	-	Effective carbon rate (Economic Survey of India)	MoS&PI

Target 13.3: Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.3.1 Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary, secondary and tertiary curricula.	13.3.1 Number of States that have integrated climate mitigation and adaption in education curricula and outreach programs.	MoS&PI
13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed country parties to the united nations framework convention on climate change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation action and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the green climate fund through its capitalization as soon as possible.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.a.1 Mobilized amount of United States dollars per year between 2020 and 2025 accountable towards the \$100 billion commitment.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 13.b: Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing states, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
13.b.1 Number of least developed countries and small island developing States that are receiving specialized support, and amount of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change-related planning and management, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Disaster management and relief	1	13.1.2	
2	Environment Department	1	13.1.1	
3	MoS&PI(40)	3		13.2.1, 13.2.2, 13.3.1
	Total	5	2	3

SDG 14

Life Below Water

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 14.1: By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.1.1 Health index of area of coastal water (percentage).	14.1.1 Coastal water Quality Index.	Not applicable
	14.1.3: Percentage use of nitrogenous fertilizer to total fertilizer (N, P & K).	71.63 (2017-18)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
14.1.2: No of sewage treatment plants installed along the coast and construction of toilets under Swachh Bharat Mission.	Not applicable	National Coastal Management Programme	Health index of area of costal water (M. of Earth Sciences).	Not applicable
			increase in marine protected areas.	Not applicable
		SBM	%age of door to door waste collection.	100% in Urban area (LSG department report, 23.7.2020)
		Namami Gange	Capacity of sewage treatment plants created.	Not applicable
No. of industrial effluent monitoring stations.	Not applicable			

Target 14.2: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.2.1 Percentage change in area under mangroves.	14.2.1 Percentage change in area under mangroves.	Not applicable
	14.2.3 Percentage change in Marine Protected Areas (MPA).	Not applicable

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
14.2.1: Percentage change in area under mangroves.	Not applicable	Conservation of Corals and Mangroves	%age change in area under mangroves.	Not applicable

Target 14.3: Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.3.1 Coral health index of Exclusive Environment Zone.	14.3.1: Average marine acidity (ph) measured at agreed site of representative sampling stations.	Not applicable

Target 14.4: By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.4.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.4.1 Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) in fishing. (in Million Tonne/Year).	May be available

Target 14.5: By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.5.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.5.1 Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas.	Not applicable
	14.5.2 Percentage change in area under mangroves. (similar 14.2.1)	Not applicable

Target 14.6: By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.6.1 The Indicator is being developed	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 14.7: By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.7.1 The Indicator is being developed	National Indicator not yet evolved	

Target 14.a: Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.a.1 Allocation of budget resources for research as per the EEZ or coastline.	14.a.1 Allocation of budget resources (Budget Estimates) for Ocean services, Modelling, Applications, resources and technology (OSMART) scheme (in Rs Crore).	Not applicable

Target 14.b: Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.b.1 The Indicator is being developed	14.b.1 Assistance to the traditional / artisanal fishers for procurement of Fibre Reinforced plastic (FRP) boats and other associated fishing implements. (In Number & in Rs. Lakh).	Not applicable

Target 14.c: Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of "The Future We Want".

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
14.c.1 Percentage compliance of international laws.	14.c.1 Compliance of international laws.	Not applicable

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Agriculture	1	14.1.3	
2	Fisheries department	1		14.4.1
3	Not Applicable	9		14.1.1, 14.2.1, 14.2.3, 14.3.1, 14.5.1, 14.5.2, 4.a.1, 14.b.1, 14.c.1
	Total	11	1	10

SDG 15

Life on Land

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Target, Indicator and Status

(Global, National indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreements.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total land area.	15.1.1: Forest cover as a proportion of total geographical area. (in percentage)	4.86% (2019) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)
15.1.2 proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type.	15.1.2 Protected area as percentage of total geographical area.	5.40% (2019-20) (Forest Portal)
	15.1.3 Area of Ramsar sites as a percentage to the total wetland area, (in percentage).	Area of Ramsar site - 26873 hector (Smabhar-24000 & Keoladeo NP- 2873)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.1.1: Forest cover as a proportion of total geographical area. (in percentage)	4.86% (2019) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)	Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats	Area covered under protected habitats.	10291.17 Sq./Km (2019-20) (Forest dept. report)
		Conservation of Natural Resources and Ecosystem	Total area covered under afforestation.	198.29 sq.Km. (2019-20) (Forest dept. report) 34798 Sq. Km (2019-20)
		Nat. River Conservation Programme/ Namami Gange	Capacity of sewage treatment plants created.	966.3 MLD (As per Rudsico Report)

Target 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.2.1 progress towards sustainable forest management.	15.2.1 Percentage change in Forest Cover.	0.35% (2019 over 2017) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)
	15.2.2 Total area covered under different afforestation schemes. (in Hectare)	34798 Sq. Km (2018-19) (As per Annual report of forest dept.)
	15.2.3 Tree cover as percentage of total geographical area.	2.37% (2019-20) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.2.3: Total tree cover achieved outside forest area.	2.37% (2019-20) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)	National Mission for a Green India	Total tree cover achieved outside forest area.	2.37% (2019-20) (India state of Forest Report, 2019)

Target 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area.	15.3.1 Percentage of land that is degraded over total land area.	52.69% (2015-16) https://www.nrsc.gov.in/EOP_ThematicMaps_overview

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
15.3.2: Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area.	May be available	Integrated Water Shed Management Programme National Mission for a Green India	Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area.	May be available

Target 15.4: By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.4.1 Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity.	15.4.1: Percentage change in forest cover in hill districts.	MoS&PI
	15.4.4: Percentage change in per capita income of Himalayan States over previous year.	Not Applicable

Target 15.5: Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.5.1: Red list index.	15.5.1 Red list index.	MoS&PI

Target 15.6: Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.6.1 Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits.	15.6.1 Number of access and benefit sharing (ABS) agreements signed.	MoS&PI

Target 15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.7.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked.	15.7.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.c.1).	120 Crime in India, 2019

Target 15.8: By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.8.1 Proportion of countries adopting relevant national legislation and adequately resourcing the prevention or control of invasive alien species.	15.8.1 Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species.	MoS&PI

Target 15.9: By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with aichi biodiversity target 2 of the strategic plan for biodiversity 2011-2020.	15.9.1 (a) Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the strategies plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020. (b) Integration of biodiversity into national accounting and reporting systems, defined as implementation of the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting.	MoS&PI

Target 15.a: Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.a.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems.	National indicator is under development	

Target 15.b: Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.b.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems.	15.b.1 Percentage of government spending on environmental protection to total government expenditure.	MoS&PI

Target 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities

Global indicators	National indicators	Status
15.c.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked.	15.c.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.7.1).	120 (Crime in India, 2019)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	Forest (16)	7	15.1.1, 15.1.2, 15.1.3, 15.2.1, 15.2.2, 15.2.3, 15.3.1	
2	Police	2	15.7.1, 15.c.1	
3	MoS&PI(40)	6		15.4.1, 15.5.1, 15.6.1, 15.8.1, 15.9.1, 15.b.1
4	Not Applicable	1		15.4.4
	Total	16	9	7

SDG 16

Peace, Justice and Strong Institution

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

**Target, Indicator and Status
(Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)**

Target 16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age.	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 populations.	2.16 (Crime in India, 2019)
16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause.	16.1.2 Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months.	42.87 (Crime Report 2017)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.1.2 Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months.	42.87 (Crime Report 2017)			

Target 16.2: End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month.	16.2.1 Number of victims rescued from human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation.	0.86 (Crime in India, 2019)
16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation.	16.2.2 Proportion of crime committed against children during the year. (per lakh children)	25.9 (Crime in India, 2019)
16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18.	16.2.3 Number of missing children. (Similar to 8.7.2)	3655 (2019) (Police department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.2.1: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation.	0.86 (Crime in India, 2019)	National Child Labour Project (NCLP)	No. of children rehabilitated and rescued under NCLP.	59473 (Labour Administrative report.2019-20)

Target 16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms.	16.3.1 Number of courts per lakh population.	1.81 (2018) (Rajasthan High court Annual report 2018)
16.3.2 Unsented detainees as a proportion of overall prison population.	16.3.2 Number of judges (all levels) per lakh population.	1.47 (2018) (Rajasthan High court Annual report 2018)
	16.3.3 Unsented detainees as a proportion of overall prison population.	71.2 (2019) Prison Statistics India-2019

Target 16.4: By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward illicit financial flows (in current united states dollars).	16.4.1 Number of cases under the arms act.	7074 (Crime in India, 2019)
16.4.2 Proportion of seized small arms and light weapons that are recorded and traced, in accordance with international standards and legal instruments.	16.4.2 Value of property stolen & recovered and percentage recovery (in Percentage).	Property stolen - 326.3 Crore Rs. Property recovered - 151.0 Crore Rs. Recovery Percentage - 46.27% (Crime in India, 2019)

Target 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms.

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months.	16.5.1 Case reported under prevention of corruption act and related sections of IPC per 1,00,000 population.	0.55 (Crime in India, 2019)
16.5.2 Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months.		

Target 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.6.1 Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar).	16.6.1 Number of government services provided online to citizens.	101 (2019-20) (e-taal portal)
16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services.	16.6.2 Percentage of RTI queries responded. (similar to 16.10.1)	96.77% (Dec. 2018, 2017-18) (RTI department report)
	16.6.3: Number of applications filed with institutions coming under Right to Information act.	183098 (Dec. 2018, 2017-18) (RTI department report)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.6.1: Number of Government services provided online to citizens.	101 (2019-20) (e-taal portal)	Digi Locker	No. of registered users.	910232 (DigiLocker dashboard as on 10.7.2020)

Target 16.7: Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions.	16.7.1: Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament, state legislation and local self-government. (In percentage) (similar to 5.5.1 and 10.2.2)	Lok sabha -12% (2019) Rajasthan assembly-12% (2018) (Rajasthan assembly portal)
16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group.	16.7.2 Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies. (In percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to 10.2.3)	Loksabha- SC-12%, SC-16% (2019) Vidhansabha- SC-17%, ST-13% (2018) Rajasthan assembly portal)

Target 16.8: Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age.	16.9.1 Percentage of births registered.	92.71% (2019) (Vital unit)
	16.9.2 Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar. (in Percentage)	84.84% (May, 2020) (Unique Identification authority of India)

Priority Indicator	Status	Intervention/ Scheme	Schematic indicators	Status
16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar.	84.84% (May, 2020) (Unique Identification authority of India)	UIDAI	Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar.	84.84% (May, 2020) (Unique Identification authority of India)
			No. of services routed through Aadhaar.	56 (IT department report)
		RGI	State wise no. of Birth registration.	1795488 (As per vital report 2019)

Target 16.10: Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months.	16.10.1 Percentage of RTI queries responded.	96.77% (Dec. 2018, 2017-18) (RTI department report)
16.10.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information.		

Target 16.A: Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the paris principles.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Target 16.B: Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development

Global indicators	National Indicators	Status
16.b.1 proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law.	National Indicator not yet evolved.	

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1 : By 2019-2020	Milestone 2 : By 2022-2023	Target : By 2030
1.	Percentage of RTI queries responded		100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time
2.	Number of applications filled with institutions coming under Right to information Act		100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time	100% dispose of RTI queries within time
3	50 percent reservation of women Elected REpresentatives in PRIs	70531 (56.49%)	50%	50%	50%
4.	Reservation of SC/ST population proportion in Elected Representatives in PRIs	SC-19590 (15.69%) ST-15428 (12.37%)	SC-17.16% ST-12.56%	SC	17.16% ST

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not available
1	Police (8)	9	16.1.1, 16.1.2, 16.2.1, 16.2.2, 16.2.3, 16.3.3, 16.4.1, 16.4.2, 16.5.1	
2	HC (9)	2	16.3.1, 16.3.2	
3	IT (10)	2	16.6.1, 16.9.2	
4	RTI (11)	3	16.6.2, 16.6.3, 16.10.1	
5	Election department	2	16.7.1, 16.7.2	
6	DES (14)	1	16.9.1	
	Total	19	19	0

SDG 17 Partnerships for The Goals

Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

Target, Indicator and Status (Global, National Indicators, Priority and Schematic)

Target 17.1: Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source.	17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source. (in percentage)	16.63% (2019-20, RE) (Budget Study 2020-21, Economic review, 2019-20)
17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes.	17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes.	

Target 17.2 : Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.2.1 Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI).	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.3: Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.3.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI), official development assistance and South-South Cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget.	17.3.1 Foreign Direct Investment as proportion as proportion of Gross National Income (in percentage).	
17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP.	17.3.2 Volume of remittance as a proportion of total GDP.	

Target 17.4: Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services.	17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services.	

Target 17.5: Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.5.1 Number of countries that adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.6: Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.6.1 Number of science and/or technology cooperation agreements and programmes between countries, by type of cooperation.	17.6.1 Fixed internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed.	
17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed.		

Target 17.7: Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favorable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.7.1 Total amount of approved funding for developing countries to promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.8: Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the internet.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.9: Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.9.1 Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.10: Promote a universal, rules-based, open, nondiscriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.10.1 Worldwide weighted tariff-average.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.11: Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.11.1 Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports.	17.11.1 Share of India's exports in Global exports, (in percentage).	

Target 17.12: Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.12.1 Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.13: Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.13.1 Macroeconomic Dashboard.	17.13.1 Macroeconomic Dashboard.	

Target 17.14: Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.14.1 Number of countries with mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.15: Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.15.1 Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation.	National Indicator is under development.	

Target 17.16: Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.16.1 Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals.	17.16.1 Number of States having a State Monitoring Framework that supports the achievement of the sustainable development goals.	Yes

Target 17.17: Encourage and promote effective public, public private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.17.1 Amount of United States dollars committed to public-private and civil society partnerships.	17.17.1 Amount of Indian Rupees spent on Public-Private Partnership (PPP)	

Target 17.18: By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.		
17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.	17.18.2 States that have statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.	
17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding.		

Target 17.19: By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries.

Global Indicator	National Indicator	Status
17.19.1 Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries.	17.19.1 Budget allocated to different Ministries for strengthening statistics. (in Rs. Lakh)	
17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration.	17.19.2 Proportion of States/UTs that have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration.	92.71% (2019) (Vital unit)

Milestones

Sr. No.	Activity	Baseline/ Current Status of Proposed (as on 1st January, 2016 or latest)	Milestone 1: By 2019-2020	Milestone 2: By 2022-2023	Target: By 2030

Department wise identified Target and Indicators

Sr. No.	Name of the department (code)	Number of Indicator	Available	Not Available
1	DES	2	17.1.1, 17.19.2	
2	MoS&PI	11	17.16.1	17.1.2, 17.3.1, 17.3.2, 17.4.1, 17.6.1, 17.11.1, 17.13.1, 17.17.1, 17.18.2, 17.19.1,
	Total	13	3	10



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